

**NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL
FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

**NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL
FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**Board of Trustees
North City West School
Facilities Financing Authority
Solana Beach, California**

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North City West School Facilities Financing Authority (the Authority), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the North City West School Facilities Financing Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the North City West School Facilities Financing Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North City West School Facilities Financing Authority as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note B to the financial statements, in 2016, North City West School Facilities Financing Authority adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, *Fair Value*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described in Note B to the financial statements, in 2016 North City West School Facilities Financing Authority adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 76, *Hierarchy of GAAP*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2017 on our consideration of North City West School Facilities Financing Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering North City West School Facilities Financing Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co., LLP

El Cajon, California
January 15, 2017

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
(Required Supplementary Information-Unaudited)
Management’s Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015
(Unaudited)

This section of the North City West School Facilities Financing Authority’s (the “Authority”) annual financial report presents management’s discussion and analysis of the Authority’s financial performance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 (FY 2016) and 2015 (FY 2015). The management’s discussion and analysis is required as an element of the reporting model established by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Statement Number 34. This is the twelfth year of implementation and the financial data and statements reflect prior year information. The Authority’s financial statements follow this section.

Overview of the Authority

The Authority is a Joint Powers Authority (JPA) established in 1983 to provide school facilities, concurrent with need, to support the educational programs for Carmel Valley kindergarten through twelfth grade students. Carmel Valley was formerly named North City West (changed in 1991), and sits within the coastal northwest portion of the City of San Diego. There are three-member school districts in the Authority: Del Mar Union School District (grades K through 6); Solana Beach School District (grades K through 6); and San Dieguito Union High School District (grades 7 through 12).

The Authority provides funds for the needed school facilities using available state funding and school fees paid by residential construction. One of the methods currently employed to obtain needed funding from local sources has been to establish Community Facilities Districts (CFDs) and issue Mello-Roos bonds.

The individual school sites and buildings are owned and maintained by the member school districts. The Authority only has ownership of the relocatable classrooms located on school sites.

The absence of school facility assets and the obligation of long-term Mello-Roos bonds is the reason why the reader will see that the Authority’s liabilities exceed its assets.

The Authority maintains cash accounts with the Treasurer of San Diego County and construction and other bond accounts with our Trustee, US Bank. While the Authority is not a school district, the San Diego County Office of Education uses its district accounting services to provide our accounting and monthly financial reporting. US Bank, our Trustee, provides the monthly bond fund accounting.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual audit consists of three parts: Management’s Discussion and Analysis (this section); the basic financial statements; and notes to the financial statements. In addition, our Combined Balance Sheet and Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures consist of three funding parts: general; construction; and debt service.

As described in Note B to the financial statements, in FY 2015 the Authority adopted new accounting guidelines under Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, which requires a change in certain terminology within the financial statements. The Authority also adopted

new accounting guidance, Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*.

Financial Highlights

	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Total net position is:	\$(38,985,834)	\$(44,430,497)
Total assets consist of: current assets	\$ 22,872,565	\$ 21,681,630
capital and intangible assets	\$ 651,732	\$ 889,585
Total liabilities consist of: current liabilities	\$ 5,428,350	\$ 5,265,191
long-term liabilities	\$ 57,758,400	\$ 62,495,107

North City West School Facilities Financing Authority as a Financial Authority

Table 1 provides a comparative summary of the Authority's total net position for fiscal years ending June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 1
Statement of Net Position

	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Assets:		
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 15,050,020	\$ 13,894,467
Cash with Fiscal Agent	7,802,246	7,774,592
Interest Receivable	<u>20,299</u>	<u>12,571</u>
Total Current Assets	22,872,565	21,681,630
Non-current Assets:		
Buildings and Improvements, net	651,732	889,585
Intangible Assets, net	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$23,524,297</u>	<u>\$22,571,215</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 676,619</u>	<u>\$ 758,586</u>
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 24,008
Accrued Interest	913,350	981,183
Bonds Payable – Current Portion	<u>4,515,000</u>	<u>4,260,000</u>
Total Current Liabilities	5,428,350	5,265,191
Non-current Liabilities:		
Bonds Payable	55,097,921	59,612,921
Unamortized Bond Premium	<u>2,660,479</u>	<u>2,882,186</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>57,758,400</u>	<u>67,760,298</u>
Net Position:		
Restricted	7,878,046	8,147,245
Unrestricted	<u>(46,863,880)</u>	<u>(52,577,742)</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$(38,985,834)</u>	<u>\$(44,430,497)</u>

Tables 2, 3 and 4 summarize the revenues and expenses for the twelve-month periods ending June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 2
Operating Revenue, Twelve Months Ended

	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Operating Revenue:		
Mello-Roos Special Tax Apportionments	\$ 8,386,683	\$ 8,410,090
Mitigation Fees	<u> -</u>	<u> 27,043</u>
Total Operating Revenue	<u>\$ 8,386,683</u>	<u>\$ 8,437,133</u>

Table 3
Operating Expenses, Twelve Months Ended

	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Operating Expenses:		
Professional Fees	\$ 86,872	\$ 86,894
Legal Fees	9,976	32,457
Demographic Study	20,458	60,385
General and Administration	35,230	34,362
Survey Fees	10,150	-
Depreciation	110,585	151,229
Amortization	<u>81,967</u>	<u>81,967</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 355,238</u>	<u>\$ 447,294</u>

Table 4
Non-Operating Revenues & Expenses, Twelve Months Ended

	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Non-Operating Revenue & Expenses:		
Interest & Investment Income	\$ 92,746	\$ 70,450
Gain(Loss) Disposal of Assets	(127,268)	-
Interest & Financing Charges	<u>(2,552,260)</u>	<u>(2,753,184)</u>
Total Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses	<u>\$ (2,586,782)</u>	<u>\$ (2,682,734)</u>

Current Financial Related Activities

The Authority developed a Facilities Funding Agreement approved in September 2002 that identifies the school facilities remaining to be funded for Carmel Valley students. Included were two new schools: Solana Pacific Elementary School for the Solana Beach School District (completed and opened in September 2004) and Ocean Air Elementary School for the Del Mar Union School District (completed and opened in August 2007). Funding for a major expansion of the Carmel Valley Middle School in the San Dieguito High School District, which was approved by the Board for an appropriation of \$5,586,098 in June 2016, is also included in the document.

The Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016 (FY 2016) is highlighted by continuing new development in the areas of the Authority outside of the existing CFD No. 1 and No. 2 boundaries (non-CFD areas).

As a result of a new residential 181 unit apartment complex being approved by the City of San Diego, the Authority Board accepted a petition by the developer of the apartments to form CFD No. 3 through which the developer would pay a one-time special tax in the amount of \$2 million upon issuance of the certificate of occupancy to mitigate its school fees to the Authority. Following a public hearing held on March 10, 2016, the Board approved Resolution No. 2016-04 forming CFD No. 3. The one-time CFD No. 3 special tax is expected to be received in 2018. Additional development in the non-CFD areas of the Authority boundaries is anticipated during FY 2017, which would likely result in additional developer fees paid to the Authority.

Total Assets increased by approximately \$1 million in FY 2016 as the Authority continues to levy the maximum special tax for CFD Nos. 1 and 2 in anticipation of funding for the Carmel Valley Middle School expansion and to reimburse member school districts for cost overruns on completed schools. Assets were also significantly impacted by the disposition of thirteen relocatable classrooms that were retired due to age and that were no longer usable. Three relocatable classrooms were retired in the Solana Beach School District and ten were retired in the San Dieguito Union High School District. The undepreciated cost of the disposed of relocatable classrooms was \$127,268, which is shown as a Non-Operating Loss from Disposal of Assets in the Statement of Activities for FY 2016. Total Liabilities continue to be reduced as the Authority makes scheduled bond principal payments.

Total Operating Revenue for FY 2016 and FY 2015 is primarily from Special Taxes on developed residential property within the CFDs. Mitigation fees, or direct deposit fees, were received for one single family home developed in the non-CFD areas of the Authority in FY 2015 while no such fees were received in FY 2016. However, as discussed above, CFD No. 3 was formed in FY 2016 to finance the mitigation fees for a new apartment complex within the Authority boundary.

Total Operating Expense for FY 2016 decreased by \$92,056 (20.6%) compared to FY 2015 primarily due to lower depreciation resulting from the disposition of thirteen relocatable classrooms, as previously discussed, and from the non-recurrence of legal fees relating to mitigation fee negotiations held in FY 2015. Furthermore, FY 2015 demographic study expense reflects a one-time \$27,000 catch-up payment to Solana Beach School District for FY 2007-2013 demographic studies not previously reimbursed. FY 2016 includes a one-time reimbursement of \$10,150 to Del Mar Union School District for the Authority's share of a 2004 survey fee relating to the Ocean Air Elementary School construction not previously reimbursed.

Total Non-Operating Expenses continue to decline as the Authority bonds are paid down and related interest and finance charges are reduced.

Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, and investors and credit rating agencies with a general overview of the Authority's finances and determine the Authority's accountability for the funds received and spent. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director, North City West School Facilities Financing Authority, c/o Willdan Financial Services, 27368 Via Industria, Suite 200, Temecula, CA, 92590.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	June 30,	
	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 15,050,020	\$ 13,894,467
Cash with Fiscal Agent	7,802,246	7,774,592
Interest Receivable	20,299	12,571
Total Current Assets	22,872,565	21,681,630
Non-current Assets:		
Buildings and Improvements, net	651,732	889,585
TOTAL ASSETS	23,524,297	22,571,215
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	676,619	758,586
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	-	24,008
Accrued Interest	913,350	981,183
Bonds Payable - Current Portion	4,515,000	4,260,000
Total Current Liabilities	5,428,350	5,265,191
Non-current Liabilities:		
Bonds Payable	55,097,921	59,612,921
Unamortized Bond Premium	2,660,479	2,882,186
Total Non-current Liabilities	57,758,400	62,495,107
TOTAL LIABILITIES	63,186,750	67,760,298
NET POSITION		
Restricted	7,878,046	8,147,245
Unrestricted	(46,863,880)	(52,577,742)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (38,985,834)	\$ (44,430,497)

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	June 30,	
	2016	2015
OPERATING REVENUES		
Special Taxes	\$ 8,386,683	\$ 8,410,090
Mitigation Fees	-	27,043
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	8,386,683	8,437,133
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Professional Fees	86,872	86,894
Legal Fees	9,976	32,457
Demographic Study	20,458	60,385
General and Administration	35,230	34,362
Survey Fees	10,150	-
Depreciation	110,585	151,229
Amortization	81,967	81,967
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	355,238	447,294
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	8,031,445	7,989,839
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest and Investment Income	92,746	70,450
Gain (Loss) Disposal of Assets	(127,268)	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(2,552,260)	(2,753,184)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(2,586,782)	(2,682,734)
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	5,444,663	5,307,105
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(44,430,497)	(49,737,602)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ (38,985,834)	\$ (44,430,497)

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements

**NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
 COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES
 JUNE 30, 2016**

	Governmental Fund Types			Totals
	General	Construction	Debt Service	
ASSETS				
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 14,974,329	\$ 75,691	\$ -	\$ 15,050,020
Cash with Fiscal Agent	-	4,723,552	3,078,694	7,802,246
Accrued Interest Receivable	20,190	109	-	20,299
	\$ 14,994,519	\$ 4,799,352	\$ 3,078,694	\$ 22,872,565
 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Liabilities	-	-	-	-
 Fund Balances:				
Restricted				
Debt Services	-	-	3,078,694	3,078,694
Capital Facilities	786,746	4,799,352	-	5,586,098
Unassigned				
Other Unassigned	14,207,773	-	-	14,207,773
Total Fund Balances	14,994,519	4,799,352	3,078,694	22,872,565
	\$ 14,994,519	\$ 4,799,352	\$ 3,078,694	\$ 22,872,565

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
 COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES
 JUNE 30, 2015**

	Governmental Fund Types			Totals
	General	Construction	Debt Service	
ASSETS				
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 13,809,079	\$ 85,388	\$ -	\$ 13,894,467
Cash with Fiscal Agent	-	4,718,910	3,055,682	7,774,592
Accrued Interest Receivable	12,488	83	-	12,571
	<u>\$ 13,821,567</u>	<u>\$ 4,804,381</u>	<u>\$ 3,055,682</u>	<u>\$ 21,681,630</u>
 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 24,008	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,008
Total Liabilities	<u>24,008</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,008</u>
 Fund Balances:				
Restricted				
Debt Services	-	-	3,055,682	3,055,682
Capital Facilities	287,182	4,804,381	-	5,091,563
Unassigned				
Other Unassigned	13,510,377	-	-	13,510,377
Total Fund Balances	<u>13,797,559</u>	<u>4,804,381</u>	<u>3,055,682</u>	<u>21,657,622</u>
	<u>\$ 13,821,567</u>	<u>\$ 4,804,381</u>	<u>\$ 3,055,682</u>	<u>\$ 21,681,630</u>

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**

	June 30,	
	2016	2015
TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET	\$ 22,872,565	\$ 21,657,622
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets in governmental activities are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation:	651,732	889,585
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities including long-term liabilities are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consisted of:	(62,273,400)	(66,755,107)
Unamortized prepaid insurance costs: In governmental funds, prepaid insurance costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, debt issue costs for prepaid insurance are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized prepaid insurance costs as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position are:	676,619	758,586
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unamatured interest owing at the end of the period was:	(913,350)	(981,183)
NET GOVERNMENTAL POSITION - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	\$ (38,985,834)	\$ (44,430,497)

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements

**NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

	General Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Totals
REVENUES				
Special Taxes	\$ 8,386,683	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,386,683
Investment Income	64,573	5,121	23,052	92,746
TOTAL REVENUES	8,451,256	5,121	23,052	8,479,429
EXPENDITURES				
Administration:				
Professional Fees	86,872	-	-	86,872
Legal Fees	9,976	-	-	9,976
Demographic Study	20,458	-	-	20,458
General and Administrative	35,230	-	-	35,230
Total Administration	152,536	-	-	152,536
School Sites:				
Survey Fees	-	10,150	-	10,150
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	152,536	10,150	-	162,686
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	8,298,720	(5,029)	23,052	8,316,743
OTHER SOURCES (USES):				
Principal Reduction	-	-	(4,260,000)	(4,260,000)
Interest Expense	-	-	(2,841,800)	(2,841,800)
Transfers In (Out)	(7,101,760)	-	7,101,760	-
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES (USES)	(7,101,760)	-	(40)	(7,101,800)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	1,196,960	(5,029)	23,012	1,214,943
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2015	13,797,559	4,804,381	3,055,682	21,657,622
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2016	\$ 14,994,519	\$ 4,799,352	\$ 3,078,694	\$ 22,872,565

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
 COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

	General Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Totals
REVENUES				
Special Taxes	\$ 8,410,090	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,410,090
Mitigation Fees	27,043	-	-	27,043
Investment Income	40,564	6,050	23,836	70,450
TOTAL REVENUES	8,477,697	6,050	23,836	8,507,583
EXPENDITURES				
Administration:				
Professional Fees	86,894	-	-	86,894
Legal Fees	32,457	-	-	32,457
Demographic Study	60,385	-	-	60,385
General and Administrative	34,362	-	-	34,362
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	214,098	-	-	214,098
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	8,263,599	6,050	23,836	8,293,485
OTHER SOURCES (USES):				
Principal Reduction	-	-	(4,075,000)	(4,075,000)
Interest Expense	-	-	(3,037,575)	(3,037,575)
Transfers In (Out)	(7,112,504)	-	7,112,504	-
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES (USES)	(7,112,504)	-	(71)	(7,112,575)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	1,151,095	6,050	23,765	1,180,910
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2014	12,646,464	4,798,331	3,031,917	20,476,712
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2015	\$ 13,797,559	\$ 4,804,381	\$ 3,055,682	\$ 21,657,622

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**

	June 30,	
	2016	2015
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,214,943	\$ 1,180,910
 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the cost of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:	(110,585)	(151,229)
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayment of long-term debt is reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for the repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:	4,260,000	4,075,000
Prepaid debt insurance costs: In governmental funds, prepaid debt insurance costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements prepaid debt insurance costs are amortized over the life of the debt. The difference between prepaid debt insurance costs recognized in the current period and prepaid debt insurance costs amortized for the period is:	(81,967)	(81,967)
Amortization of debt issue premium: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium, the premium is recognized as an other financing source in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium for the period is:	221,707	221,707
Gain or loss from disposal of capital assets: In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:	(127,268)	-
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period was:	67,833	62,684
CHANGE IN NET GOVERNMENTAL POSITION - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	\$ 5,444,663	\$ 5,307,105

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

A. Organization:

The North City West School Facilities Financing Authority (the Authority) was formed by a joint powers agreement among the following San Diego County School Districts: San Dieguito Union High School District, Del Mar Union School District, and Solana Beach School District. The purpose of the Authority is to collect developer fees and rebate the monies to the districts to build the necessary facilities. The North City West School Facilities Financing Authority is an Authority separate and distinct from each of its participant districts.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Reporting Authority

In evaluating how to define the Authority for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting Authority was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles and GASB Statement No. 14. The basic, but not the only criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting Authority is the Board of Director's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public services. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the Authority is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

Based on these criteria, the Authority has no component units. Additionally, the Authority is not a component unit of any other reporting Authority as defined by the GASB Statement.

Basic of Presentation and Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) including Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*.

The financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. The Authority has no business-type activities.

Government-wide financial statements report information about the reporting unit as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the Authority and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the year. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Fund financial statements report information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting Authority. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major and non-major governmental funds each displayed in a separate column.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred (when goods are received or services rendered).

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. The Authority has no proprietary fund types.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the Authority's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources of the Authority except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

In addition, the Authority reports the following fund types:

Debt Service Fund. This fund is used to account for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The Authority maintains the debt service fund to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of bonds, interest and related costs.

Construction Fund. This fund is used to account for capital outlay expenditures to build the necessary facilities for each of the participating school districts.

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

By state law, the Authority's governing board must approve a tentative budget no later than July 1, and adopt a final budget no later than September 15. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The Authority's governing board satisfied these requirements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the Authority maintains substantially all its cash in the San Diego County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other entities in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on December 10 and April 10. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Diego bills and collects the taxes for the Authority. Tax revenues are recognized by the Authority when received.

Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance – represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the Authority’s governing board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which the Authority intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund’s primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the Authority itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Authority considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Authority considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset’s life is recorded in operating expense in the year which the expense was incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method with a half-year convention over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Relocatable Buildings and Improvements	25 years
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Income Taxes

The Authority is a governmental organization exempt from federal and state income taxes.

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Funding Sources

Significantly all of the Authority's primary funding sources come from tax apportionment fees and developer fees collected.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the Authority prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Authority has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net assets or net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources is an acquisition of net assets or net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement numbers 63 and 65.

Fair Value Measurements

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles as defined by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy is detailed as follows:

Level 1 Inputs: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that a government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

For the current fiscal year the Authority did not have any recurring or nonrecurring fair value measurements.

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

Change in Accounting Policies

In February 2015 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The Authority has implemented the guidance under GASB Statement No. 72 into their accounting policies effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

In June 2015 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 76 The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The objective of this Statement is to identify - in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment - the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The Authority has implemented the guidance under GASB Statement No. 76 into their accounting policies effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

C. Cash and Investments:

Cash in County Treasury

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the Authority maintains a substantial amount of its cash in the San Diego County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$15,050,020 as of June 30, 2016 and \$13,894,467 as of June 30, 2015). The fair value of the Authority's portion of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$15,068,042 as of June 30, 2016 and \$13,912,238 as of June 30, 2015. Assumptions made in determining the fair value of the pooled investment portfolios are available from the County Treasurer.

The Authority is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the Authority is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the Authority's investments in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements as amounts based upon the Authority's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

The San Diego County Treasury is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company; however, the County Treasury acts in accordance with investment policies monitored by a Treasury Oversight Committee consisting of members appointed by participants in the investment pool and up to five members of the public having expertise, or an academic background in, public finance. In addition, the County Treasury is audited annually by an independent auditor.

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

C. Cash and Investments: (Continued)

Cash in Banks

Cash balances on hand and in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Investments

The Authority's investments at June 30, 2016 are shown below:

<u>Investment or Investment Type</u>	<u>Days to Maturity</u>	<u>Amount Reported</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Money Market Funds	<30 Days	\$ 232,471	\$ 232,471
First American Treasury Obligations	30 - 60 Days	46,220	46,220
Corporate Issues - CD	225 - 239 Days	3,000,000	3,004,780
U.S. Government Issues	>138 Days	4,523,555	4,523,494
Total Investments		\$ 7,802,246	\$ 7,806,965

The Authority's investments at June 30, 2015 are shown below:

<u>Investment or Investment Type</u>	<u>Days to Maturity</u>	<u>Amount Reported</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Money Market Funds	<30 Days	\$ 5,103,413	\$ 5,103,413
First American Treasury Obligations	30 - 60 Days	300,882	300,882
U.S. Government Issues	>148 Days	2,370,297	2,365,851
Total Investments		\$ 7,774,592	\$ 7,770,146

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

C. Cash and Investments: (Continued)

Analyst of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the Authority was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The county is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest only in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurers repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements.

The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. The San Diego County Investment Pool is rated AAf/S1 by Standard and Poors. U.S. Government Issues are rated AA+ by Standard and Poors with a Moody's rating of AAA.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Authority's name. The California Government Code and the Authority's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Authority's name.

As of June 30, 2015 the Authority's money market funds of \$4,853,413 were exposed to custodial credit risk because the funds were insured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the Authority. As of June 30, 2016 the Authority's money market funds of \$232,471 was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

C. Cash and Investments: (Continued)

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The investment policy of the Authority contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the total investments are either an external investment pool and are therefore exempt. As such, the Authority was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Authority manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the county pool and laddering maturities for government issues from 1-3 years.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the Authority was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The Authority is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The Authority's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-bearing investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

D. Capital Assets:

A summary of changes in capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2016 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 4,321,049	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,321,049
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(3,280,235)</u>	<u>(151,229)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,431,464)</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 1,040,814</u>	<u>\$ (151,229)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 889,585</u>

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 4,321,049	\$ -	\$ 769,280	\$ 3,551,769
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(3,431,464)</u>	<u>(110,585)</u>	<u>(642,012)</u>	<u>(2,900,037)</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 889,585</u>	<u>\$ (110,585)</u>	<u>\$ 127,268</u>	<u>\$ 651,732</u>

E. Deferred Outflows of Resources:

Debt issue costs for 2005B Bonds, 2006C Bonds, and 2012A Bonds each included prepaid debt insurance. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, prepaid debt insurance is recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over the life of the debt.

A summary of the deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Description	Amortization Term	Beginning Balance	Current Year Additions	Current Year Amortization	Ending Balance
2005B Prepaid Debt Insurance	22 Years	\$ 376,768	\$ -	\$ 29,169	\$ 347,599
2006C Prepaid Debt Insurance	14 Years	190,348	-	38,069	152,279
2012A Prepaid Debt Insurance	16 Years	<u>191,470</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,729</u>	<u>176,741</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		<u>\$ 758,586</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 81,967</u>	<u>\$ 676,619</u>

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

F. Bonds Payable:

Series 2002

In September 2002 the Authority issued \$21,857,921 of subordinate special tax revenue bonds with an interest rate of 4.50% to 5.00%. These bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain elementary and secondary school buildings and facilities. The bonds are special limited obligations of the Authority payable, as noted below, from proceeds of an annual special tax levied on the developed property located with the Authority district and the levy of the special tax on underdeveloped property to the extent the levy on the developed property, is insufficient to pay the bond requirements, the amounts held in the bond escrow fund and certain other funds and investment earnings pledged under the Trust Indenture and the Master Bond Resolution. In September 2012, \$17,450,000 in principal was refunded from the proceeds of the Subordinated Special Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A.

The principal amount outstanding at June 30, 2016 was \$4,362,921. The bonds mature through September 1, 2027 as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2018	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-
2020	-	-	-
2021	-	-	-
2022-2026	2,289,970	5,160,030	7,450,000
2027-2031	<u>2,072,951</u>	<u>5,452,049</u>	<u>7,525,000</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 4,362,921</u>	<u>\$ 10,612,079</u>	<u>\$ 14,975,000</u>

Series 2005B

In August 2005 the Authority issued \$31,110,000 of subordinate special tax refunding bonds with an interest rate of 3.00% to 5.25%. These bonds were issued to provide funds to refund the 1997C senior bonds and pay certain costs related to the bonds. The bonds are special limited obligations of the Authority payable, as noted below, from proceeds of an annual special tax levied on the developed property located within the Authority district and the levy of the special tax on undeveloped property to the extent the levy on the developed property, is insufficient to pay the bond requirements, the amounts held in the bond escrow fund and certain other funds and investment earnings pledged under the Trust Indenture and the Master Bond Resolution.

The principal amount outstanding at June 30, 2016 was \$19,720,000. Principal payments are made on September 1 of each year while interest is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1.

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

F. Bonds Payable: (Continued)

The bonds mature through September 1, 2027 as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30.</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 1,220,000	\$ 1,003,275	\$ 2,223,275
2018	1,285,000	937,519	2,222,519
2019	1,350,000	868,350	2,218,350
2020	1,425,000	795,506	2,220,506
2021	1,500,000	718,725	2,218,725
2022-2026	8,755,000	2,294,644	11,049,644
2027-2031	4,185,000	222,469	4,407,469
Totals	<u>\$ 19,720,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,840,488</u>	<u>\$ 26,560,488</u>

Series 2006C

In June 2006 the Authority issued \$31,030,000 of subordinate special tax revenue refunding bonds with an interest rate of 5.00%. These bonds were issued to provide funds to refund the 1995B senior bonds and pay certain costs related to the bonds. The bonds are special limited obligations of the Authority payable, as noted below, from the proceeds of an annual special tax levied on the developed property located within the Authority district and the levy of the special tax on undeveloped property to the extent the levy on the developed property, is insufficient to pay the bond requirements, the amounts held in the bond escrow fund and certain other funds and investment earnings pledged under the Trust Indenture and the Master Bond Resolution.

The principal amount outstanding at June 30, 2016 was \$11,235,000. Principal payments are made on September 1 of each year while interest is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1.

The bonds mature through September 1, 2019 as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30.</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 2,610,000	\$ 496,500	\$ 3,106,500
2018	2,735,000	362,875	3,097,875
2019	2,875,000	222,625	3,097,625
2020	3,015,000	75,375	3,090,375
Totals	<u>\$ 11,235,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,157,375</u>	<u>\$ 12,392,375</u>

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

F. Bonds Payable: (Continued)

Series 2012A

On June 6, 2012, the Authority issued \$27,485,000 of Subordinate Special Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A. The bonds bear fixed interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% with annual maturities from September 2012 through September 2027. The net proceeds of \$30,493,868 (after premium of \$3,547,307 less underwriters discount of \$178,653 and cost of assured guaranty insurance and surety premium in the amount of \$359,786) were used to refund \$15,310,000 of the District's outstanding Subordinate Special Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A and partially refund \$17,495,000 of the District's outstanding Subordinate Special Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2002. In addition, \$3,209,208 in prior bond funds from Series 2005A and \$28,111 in prior bond funds from Series 2002 were made available and used for an additional funding source for the refunding and to offset insurance expense, discounts, and other issuance costs.

Net proceeds of \$17,885,375 were deposited into an individual escrow fund for the refunding of the Series 2002 Bonds and net proceeds of \$12,284,239 were deposited into an individual escrow fund for the refunding of the Series 2005A Bonds with remaining funds of \$324,254 deposited to a cost issuance fund. The outstanding and remaining debt service of \$15,310,000 for the Series 2005A bonds was paid in full on June 12, 2012. The partial refunding of the Series 2002 bonds in the amount of \$17,495,000 was paid on September 4, 2012.

The 2012 Bonds are payable from installment payments to be made by the Community Facilities District pursuant to an agreement dated June 1, 2012. The installment payments are payable from certain special taxes levied on developed property within the boundaries of the Community Facilities District. The principal outstanding at June 30, 2016 was \$24,295,000. Principal payments are made on September 1 of each year while interest is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1.

The bonds mature through September 1, 2027 as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 685,000	\$ 1,132,725	\$ 1,817,725
2018	660,000	1,112,550	1,772,550
2019	730,000	1,088,050	1,818,050
2020	755,000	1,058,350	1,813,350
2021	3,955,000	944,375	4,899,375
2022-2026	15,220,000	1,958,500	17,178,500
2027-2031	2,290,000	116,500	2,406,500
Totals	<u>\$ 24,295,000</u>	<u>\$ 7,411,050</u>	<u>\$ 31,706,050</u>

NORTH CITY WEST SCHOOL FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Continued)

G. Changes in Long-Term Debt:

A schedule of changes in long-term debt is as follows:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2015</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2016</u>
2002 Bonds	\$ 4,362,921	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,362,921
2005B Bonds	20,880,000	-	1,160,000	19,720,000
2006C Bonds	13,715,000	-	2,480,000	11,235,000
2012A Bonds	24,915,000	-	620,000	24,295,000
2012A Bond Premium	<u>2,882,186</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>221,707</u>	<u>2,660,479</u>
Total	<u>\$66,755,107</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,481,707</u>	<u>\$62,273,400</u>

H. Bond Premium:

Bond premium arises when the market rate of interest is higher than the stated interest rate on the bond. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the premium increase the face value of the bond and then amortize the premium over the life of the bond as interest. Premium issued on the bonds resulted in an effective interest rate as follows:

	<u>2012 Series A</u> <u>Bonds</u>
Total Interest Payments on Bond	\$ 11,791,153
Less Bond Premium	<u>(3,547,306)</u>
Net Interest Payments	<u>\$ 8,243,847</u>
Par Amount of Bond	\$ 27,485,000
Periods	16
Effective Interest Rate	1.87%

I. Community Facilities District #3:

In March 2016, the Authority formed and established North City West School Facilities Financing Authority Community Facilities District #3 (CFD #3) and to authorize the levy of a special tax therein to finance school facilities. The purpose of financing certain school facilities, authorized to be financed pursuant to the provisions of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 (Act), is necessary to serve new development within CFD #3. The special tax, secured by the recordation of a continuing lien against all non-exempt real property within the proposed CFD #3, will be sufficient to finance the school facilities and related incidental expenses authorized by the Act and will be levied within the boundaries of CFD #3 and will be due and payable pursuant to the rate and method of apportionment of the special tax. The one time special tax will be equal to \$2,000,000 and shall be paid to the Authority once and in full prior to the issuance of the first Certificate of Occupancy for one or more residential units within CFD #3 at the earlier of the time of the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or June 12, 2018.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



P. Robert Wilkinson, CPA
Brian K. Hadley, CPA

Aubrey W. King, CPA
Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

**Board of Trustees
North City West School
Facilities Financing Authority
Solana Beach, California**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North City West School Facilities Financing Authority, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise North City West School Facilities Financing Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financing Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered North City West School Facilities Financing Authority's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of North City West School Facilities Financing Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of North City West School Facilities Financing Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the North City West School Facilities Financing Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co., LLP

El Cajon, California

January 15, 2017